

ps Cheatsheet

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Quick reference for listing and filtering processes with ps in Linux

The `ps` command displays process information in Linux. This cheatsheet covers common output formats, filtering patterns, sorting, and practical process-inspection commands.

Basic Syntax

Core `ps` command forms.

<code>ps</code>	Show processes in the current shell
<code>ps -e</code>	Show all running processes
<code>ps -f</code>	Show full-format output
<code>ps aux</code>	BSD-style all-process listing with user and resource info
<code>ps -ef</code>	SysV-style all-process listing

List Processes

Common process listing commands.

<code>ps -e</code>	List all processes
<code>ps -ef</code>	Full process list with PPID and start time
<code>ps aux</code>	Detailed list including CPU and memory usage
<code>ps -u username</code>	Processes owned by a specific user
<code>ps -p 1234</code>	Show one process by PID

Select and Filter

Filter output to specific process groups.

<code>ps -C nginx</code>	Match processes by command name
<code>ps -p 1234,5678</code>	Show multiple PIDs
<code>ps -u root -U root</code>	Show processes by effective and real user
<code>ps -t pts/0</code>	Show processes attached to a terminal
<code>ps -eo pid,ppid,cmd,%mem,%cpu --sort=-%cpu</code>	Custom output sorted by CPU

Custom Output Columns

Show only the process fields you need.

<code>ps -eo pid,cmd</code>	PID and command
<code>ps -eo user,pid,%cpu,%mem,cmd</code>	User, PID, CPU, memory, command
<code>ps -eo pid,lstart,cmd</code>	PID with full start time
<code>ps -o pid= -o comm=</code>	Output without column headers
<code>ps -p 1234 -o pid,ppid,user,%cpu,%mem,cmd</code>	Custom fields for one PID

Process Tree and Parent/Child

Inspect process hierarchy.

<code>ps -ejH</code>	Hierarchical process view
<code>ps -axjf</code>	Forest view (BSD style)
<code>ps -o pid,ppid,cmd -p 1234</code>	Parent-child context for one process
<code>ps -eo pid,ppid,cmd --sort=ppid</code>	Group processes by parent PID

Useful Patterns

Common real-world combinations.

<code>`ps aux`</code>	<code>grep nginx`</code>
<code>ps -C nginx -o pid,cmd</code>	Cleaner command-name search without grep
<code>`ps -eo pid,%cpu,%mem,cmd --sort=-%mem`</code>	<code>head`</code>
<code>`ps -eo pid,%cpu,cmd --sort=-%cpu`</code>	<code>head`</code>
<code>`ps -ef`</code>	<code>grep -v grep`</code>

Troubleshooting

Quick checks for common `ps` usage issues.

Command not visible in output	Use <code>ps -ef</code> or <code>ps aux</code> for full list
Process disappears between checks	It may be short-lived; sample repeatedly or use <code>watch</code>
grep shows itself	Use <code>ps -C name</code> or <code>pgrep</code> instead of raw <code>grep</code>
Missing expected process details	Add fields with <code>-o</code> (for example <code>%cpu,%mem,lstart</code>)
Need exact process ID for kill	Use <code>ps -C name -o pid=</code> or <code>pgrep name</code>

Related Guides

Use these guides for full process-management workflows.

[Ps Command in Linux](#)

Full **ps** guide with examples

[Kill Command in Linux](#)

Terminate processes by PID

[Pkill Command in Linux](#)

Kill processes by name/pattern

[Pgrep Command in Linux](#)

Find process IDs by name and pattern

[How to Kill a Process in Linux](#)

Practical process-stop workflow